請依此格式在答案本上作答
1. _____  2._____  3._____ 4. _____  5._____ 6. _____ 7. _____ 8._____ 9. _____
10. _____
31. _____32. _____33. _____34. _____35. _____36. _____37. _____38. _____39. _____40. _____
41. _____42. _____43. _____44. _____45. _____46. _____47. _____48. _____49. _____50. _____

Vocabulary:

Part A: The following groups of words refer to different activities. Identify them and pick up the irrelevant item in each group. 10%
1. a. parachute      b. fish-hook   c. fishing-rod      d. bait
2. a. backpack      b. trail       c. paddle         d. hiking boots
3. a. pole           b. ski         c. blade          d. ski boots
4. a. lounge chair    b. suntan     c .  n e t             d .  s u n s c r e e n
5. a. groundsheet    b. lifeguard   c. sleeping bag     d. tent

Part B: Choose the world or phrase which would best keep the meaning of the original sentence if it were substituted for the underlined word. 20%
6. An aquarium often has a tube that releases oxygen into the tank.
   a. pushes
   b. loosens
   c. emits
   d. withdraws

7. Sometime a haphazard event will stimulate scientific research.
   a. shocking
   b. forbidden
   c. chance
   d. inevitable

8. The smell of leaking gas easily penetrates a building.
   a. overlaps
   b. reaches
   c. spreads through
   d. retreats form
9. Easter usually marks the advent of spring.
   a. Martinee
   b. chance
   c. coming
   d. festival

10. Everyone would like a panacea for health problems.
    a. protection
    b. cure-all
    c. decrease
    d. advice

11. With fast growing technology, the computer revolution has significantly changed.
    a. gradually
    b. fortunately
    c. individually
    d. greatly

12. The purchase of that painting is really extravagant for a man of his means.
    a. tasteful
    b. valuable
    c. helpful
    d. essential

13. Air, food and water are indispensable to life; no creature can live without them.
    a. slogan
    b. entry
    c. option
    d. poultry

14. People buy insurance to substitute a small, certain, tolerable loss for a large, uncertain, disastrous one.
    a. provide
    b. return
    c. exchange
    d. predict

15. Don’t leave home without it’ is a famous phrase for American Express card.
    a. slogan
    b. entry
    c. option
    d. poultry

II. Structure and written Expression: 20%

16. _____ numbers were created is not known.
17. _____protects copper form damage is its patina, a greenish film

18. Lan

Ⅲ. Sentence Structure: Find and correct the mistakes in the following sentences.
There is only ONE mistakes in each sentence. 10%

26. Not only dose fungi have a fresh and distinct taste, they are very nutritious, and many rare types effectively promote longevity.

27. In just a few years, computers have gone form huge, room-sized machines which requires great patience and skill to operate, to be devices so small that some fir into wristwatches.

28. Besides these vegetarian dishes which are made of ingredients straight form nature, a number of processing vegetarian foods have been developed.

29. One cornea went to a 10-years old girl whose right eye was injured at a car accident, and the other helped to restore sight for a grandfather.

30. Deforestation and the deletion of the ozone layer are just two major problems we are aiming to overcome, there are countless the others.

Ⅳ. Dialogues: 20%

31. What is your favorite Chinese food?
   a. Hot and sour soap is my favorite.
   b. I like to cook Chinese food very mach.
   c. I like Chinese food very much.
   d. Yes, Chinese food is my favorite.

32. Everything you cook tastes delicious?
   a. Oh, I am depress to hear that.
   b. Well, since you are so picky, put or shut up.
   c. Thank you, I’m very flattered.

33. What do we have for New Year’s Cuisine?
   a. We have two pairs of shoes.
   b. We have everything such as chicken, fish, meat, etc.
   c. We don’t have to prepare for it because we can eat out.
   d. We usually receive red envelope form the elder.

34. Have you ever heard of Greenpeace?
   a. It’s kind of you to tell me this.
   b. May I ask who is calling, please?
c. No, not at all. Go ahead, you can take your time.
d. Yes, I know it’s a non-profit organization.

35. Did many friends come to see you in the hospital, Joe?
a. Yes, a lot of people were sick..
b. Yes, John had to visit his sister.
c. No, but a few friends brought me some fruit.
d. No, only a few people become sick.

36. When did you have the operation?
a. A week ago.
b. For about two days.
c. Thank you, I feel much better now.
d. Never mind.

37. I have headache. I’d better make an appointment to see a doctor.
a. Glad to hear that.
b. No, it’s all right.
c. I think so.
d. Actually, Prevention is better than cure.

38. Do you think that life would be much more difficult without computers?
a. It’s a pity.
b. Sure. It’s become part of our lives.
c. Yes, that’s reasonable.
d. How come!

39. Are you a technophobe?
a. Yes, robots are really terrible.
b. Yes, technology means nothing to me.
c. No, that’s not the point.
d. No, I always like to learn something new.

40. How often do you use a computer?
a. Tomorrow morning.
b. That’s my secret.
c. Once a week.

d. Don’t you know the time?

V. Reading Comprehension: 20%

Part A: Choose the item that closest to the original statement.

41. Search engines turn the WWW into a gigantic library where you can find information about anything from travel to medicine to finance.

b. Search engines help people travel around the world.
c. Modern computerized library is made possible mainly by search engines.
d. Not until the invention of the World Wide Web can people get enough information about travel.

42. Chinese have always set great store by selecting holiday foods that symbolize high hopes for the coming year.

a. Chinese have always set great store by selecting holiday foods that symbolize high hopes for the coming year.
b. The food they select is a symbol of high hopes.
c. Chinese people are known for their choice of holiday foods.
d. Chinese people have always chosen foods that reflect their highest aspirations.

43. That’s what it takes to fit the bill at a first-class hotel.

a. Eating at a first-class hotel is very expensive.
b. The bill comes to too large an amount to pay for.
c. It’s expensive and suitable for a first-class hotel.
d. Some people take the bill out after they eat at a first-class hotel.

44. The word for chicken is homophonous with that for “auspiciousness”, giving rise to chicken dishes.

a. Chicken are early risers so they for suitable for new year dishes.
b. The word “chicken” means goods means good fortune, so chicken dishes are popular.
c. “Chicken” shares pronunciation with “luck”, so people like to have chicken.
d. The word “chicken” has the same sound as that for bounty, so chicken dishes is inevitably part so the New Year meal.

45. Life is unpredictable.

a. Life is so short that one has to enjoy oneself while he still can.
b. No one can be the architect of his own fate.
c. No one knows what will happen to him tomorrow.
d. Life is so mysterious that no one knows its real meaning.
Part B: Choose the item which best describes the meaning of the following passage.

A new hearing device is now available for some hearing-impaired people. This device uses a magnet to hold the detachable sound-processing portion in place. Like other aids, it converts sound into vibration. But it is unique in that it can transmit the vibration directly into the magnet, and then to the inner ear. This produces a clearer sound. The new device will not help all hearing-impaired people, only those with a help no more than 20 percent of all people with hearing problems. Those people, however, who often have persistent ear infections should find relief and restored hearing with the new device.

46. What is the author’s main purpose?
   a. To describe a new cure for ear infections.
   b. To inform medical personnel of a new device.
   c. To urge doctors to use the new device.
   d. To explain the use of the magnet.

47. It can be inferred from the passage that
   a. this use of magnets is new.
   b. infections are in the inner ear.
   c. magnets can be dangerous for 80 percent of the people.
   d. the new device is smaller than old ones.

48. According to the passage, what does the device NOT do?
   a. Transmit sound to the inner ear.
   b. Help all hearing-impaired person.
   c. Produce clear sound.
   d. Change sound into vibrations.

49. The sound-processing unit
   a. can be removed.
   b. helps cure infections.
   c. is placed in the middle ear.
   d. is a magnet.

50. The word “relief” in the last sentence means
   a. Less distress.
   b. Assistance.
   c. Distraction.
   d. Relaxation.
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