

銘傳大學 98 學年度研究所碩士班招生考試

應用英語學系碩士班

第四節

語言學試題

(第 / 頁共 2 頁) (限用答案本作答)

可使用計算機 不可使用計算機

I. Explain the following terms and give examples as possible. Choose **ONLY** 5 items. (25%)

- metaphor vs. simile
- linguistic context vs. situational context
- derivational suffix vs. inflectional suffix
- concordance vs. collocation
- onomatopoeia
- morphophonemic orthography

II. The following headlines on the newspaper may be lexically or structurally ambiguous.

Provide paraphrases showing you comprehend all the possible meanings. (15%)

- LACK OF BRAINS HINDERS RESEARCH
- EYE DROPS OFF SHELF

III. In Southern Kongo, a Bantu language spoken in Angola, the nonpalatal segments [t, s, z] are in complementary distribution with their palatal counterparts [tʃ, ʃ, ʒ], as shown in the following data. (16%)

tobola	"to bore a hole"	tʃina	"to cut"
tanu	"five"	tʃiba	"banana"
kesoka	"to be cut"	ŋkofi	"lion"
kasu	"emaciation"	nselele	"termite"
kunezulu	"heaven"	aʒimola	"alms"
nzwetu	"our"	lolonʒi	"to wash house"
zevo	"then"	zenʒa	"to cut"
ʒima	"to stretch"		

a. State the distribution of each pair of segments. (Assume that the nonoccurrence of [t] before [e] is an accidental gap.)

Example : [t] – [tʃ]: [t] before [o], [a], and [u]; [tʃ] before [i]

Then, [s] – [ʃ]

[z] – [ʒ]

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b. Using consideration of simplicity, which phone should be used as the underlying phoneme for each pair of nonpalatal and palatal segments in Southern Kongo?

c. State in your own words the *one* phonological rule that will derive all the phonetic segments from the phonemes. Do not state a separate rule for each phoneme; a general rule can be stated that will apply to all three phonemes you listed in b. Try to give a formal statement of your rule.

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IV. Examine the following data from Little-End English, and answer the questions below. (14%)

kul	"omelet"	zkulego	"my omelet"	zkulivo	"your omelet"
vet	"yoke (of egg)"	zvetego	"my yoke"	zvetivo	"your yoke"
rok	"egg"	zrokego	"my egg"	zrokivo	"your egg"
ver	"egg shell"	zverego	"my egg shell"	zverivo	"your egg shell"
gup	"soufflé"	zgupego	"my soufflé"	zgupivo	"your soufflé"

- The possessive morpheme is _____ in Little-End English.
- The first person singular morpheme is _____ in Little-End English.
- The second person morpheme is _____ in Little-End English.
- If *vel* means "egg white", "my egg white" is _____ in Little-End English.
- If *zpeivo* means "your hard-boiled egg", "hard-boiled egg" is _____ in Little-End English.
- If *zvetgogo* means "our egg yoke", "our" is _____ in Little-End English.
- If *bozrokivo* means "for your egg", "for" is _____ in Little-End English.

V. Use Latin Liquid Rule to explain dissimilation rule. (10%)

VI. What do the following two sentences mean respectively? (10%)

- I have three sons who are doctors.
- I have three sons, who are doctors.

VII. A man lost in the desert finds an ancient bottle. He rubs it and a magical genie appears. The genie says, 'O Master, I will grant you any wish you make!' The man said, "Please make me a hamburger." To which the genie replies, 'Sure! You are now a hamburger!' Explain, using your knowledge in verb subcategorization, why this joke would NOT work if the man had said 'Get me a hamburger!' (10%)

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